Crisis management of Waterworks Emergency Service Unit

~ Quick Response and Prompt Securement of Water Supply in the Event of Disaster ~

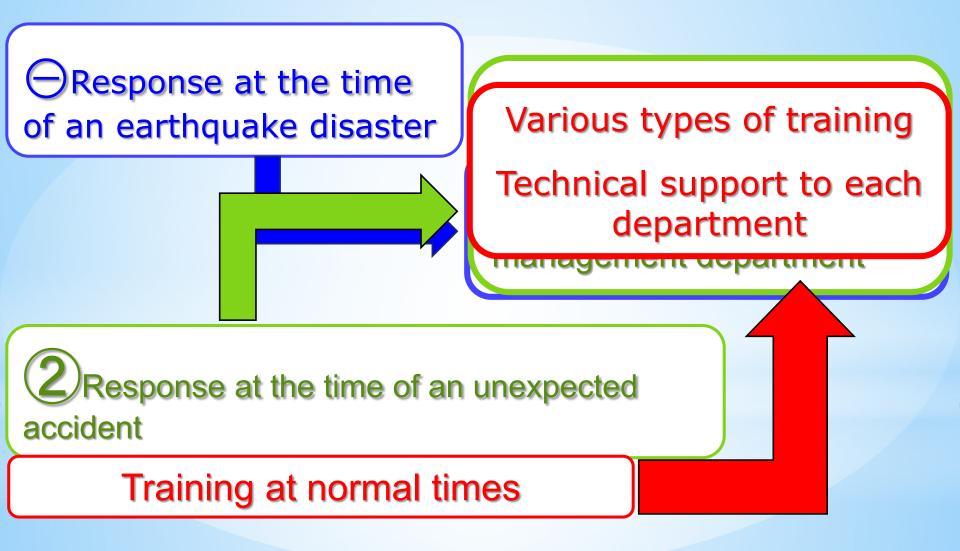
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[Today's Agenda]

- 1. Task of Waterworks Emergency Service Unit
- 2. Securing water supply routes
- 3. Summary

1. Task of Waterworks Emergency Service Unit



1. Task of Waterworks Emergency Service Unit

Response at the time of an unexpected accident

Emergency water supply
Initial PR activity
Information communication
support



Water Truck (2t)



Loud Speaker Vehicles



Special Emergency Vehicle

1. Task of Waterworks Emergency Service Unit

Training at normal times

Participate in disaster prevention drills



Tokyo Metropolitan
Gov. disaster
prevention drill

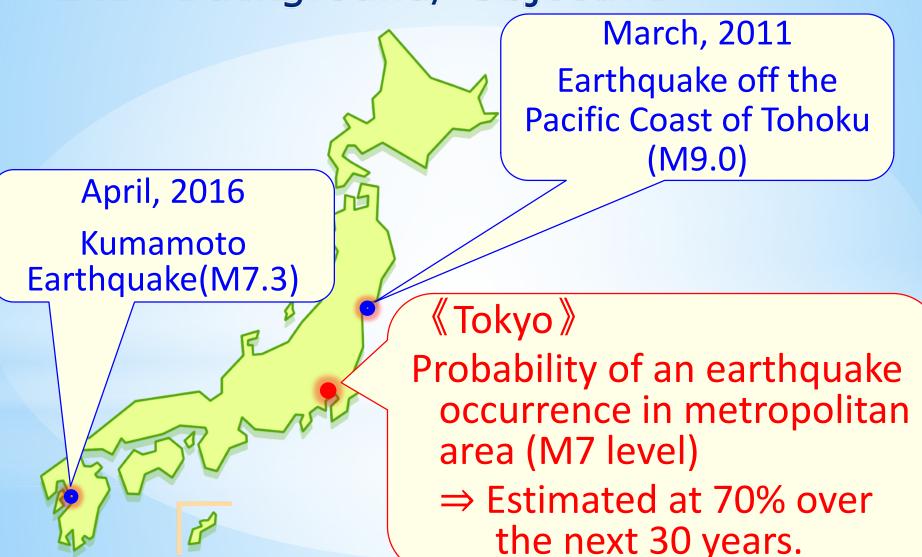


Islands disaster prevention drill

Disaster prevention event

2. Securing the water supply route

2.1 Background/ Objective





《Tokyo Metropolitan Waterworks Bureau(TMWB)》 Support lives of approx. 13 million residents in Tokyo and the capital's central agencies by securing water supply services

⇒ At the time of an earthquake disaster: Securing water supply is significantly important.

Role of TMWB

In order to maintain functions of Tokyo

⇒ Quickly restore water supply to capital's central agencies.

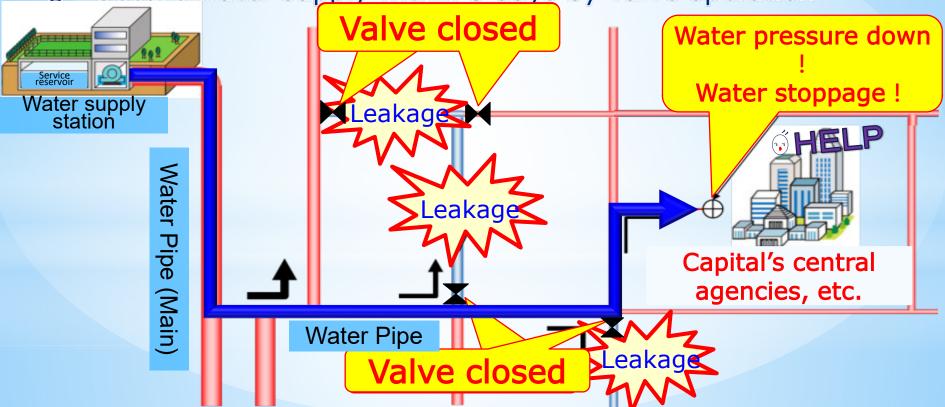
《What are capital's central agencies?》

- Central institutions of the government with the administrative and economic sectors.
- Medical institutions and hospitals
- 140 facilities

«Securing water supply to the capital's central agencies» (Dispatch to the site)

- Check the water pressure
- Investigate leakage on the supply route

Secure water supply within 3 days by valve operation



【Great East Japan Earthquake: Unexpected situation】

 Tried to confirm the water pressure of the central agencies of the capital ⇒ Dispatched form the office



More time than expected

(Initial assumption of 15 hours → Took 22 hours)

First attempt as a water supplier in Japan

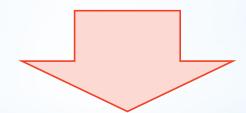
《Unexpected situation = Proved fact》

- Even in case of unexpected situation
 - → Important to make it possible to quickly check water pressure
- Narrow down target facilities for staff to be dispatched
 - → Important to achieve quick recovery activities

First attempt as a water supplier in Japan

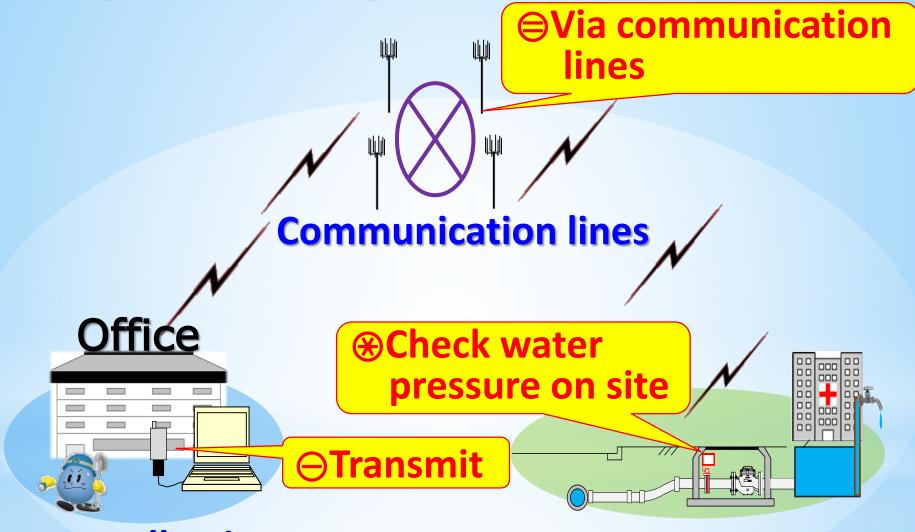
《Measures》

 Formulated a water pressure monitoring system for target facilities



 Introduced for the first time as a water supplier in Japan

2. System Configuration



Data collection system

Install terminal units at capital's central agencies

Utilization of PHS Communication Lines \[\]

Communication line ⇒ Use PHS

PHS: Wireless communication line with a frequency of 1.9 GHz band

- Reason for selecting PHS communication line
 - Easier to secure lines (Urban area)
 - ⇒At the time of past disasters : No restriction was imposed for communication
 - Electric power saving, cheaper cost, low electromagnetic wave (Less impacts on medical instruments), etc.

Development of a terminal unit for checking pressure

Configuration of terminal unit devices:

"Pressure sensor," "Data conversion/ transmission apparatus"

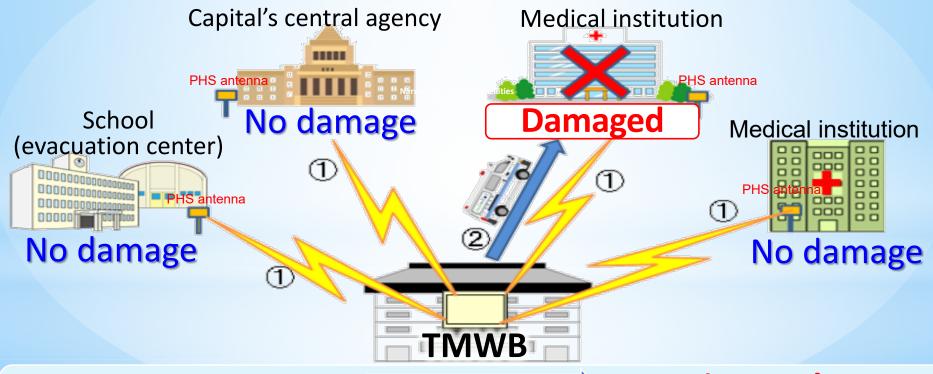


- Collective check at office: system to collect data
- System configuration: personal computer/ communication terminal



3. Conclusion

- [Effects of introduction of the system 1/2]
 - At the time of an earthquake disaster: Quickly identify facilities with decreasing water pressure
 - ⇒ Possible to narrow down target facilities



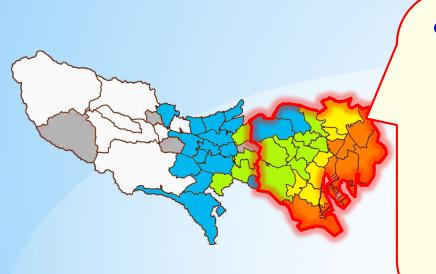


Narrowing down the facilities



Going to the damaged facilities

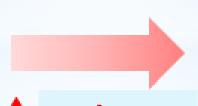
[Effect of introducing this system 2/2]



- Metropolitan central agencies (115 facilities)
 - → In case of 58 facilities damaged by disaster

Before system introduction

63 hours



After system introduction

40 hours

23 hours

(Reduction by 40%)

Drastic time reduction expected!

Efforts in the future

- At the end of FY2017:
 Introduce it to 140 facilities of the capital's central agencies.
- Subsequently:

 Introduce it to more than 800 key
 facilities, including medical
 institutions and refugee centers

 (Further improvement in emergency measures)



We look forward to welcoming you at the IWA World Water Congress & Exhibition 2018 in Tokyo!

Auxiliary Slides

[Water pipes owned by Tokyo Metropolitan Waterworks Bureau]

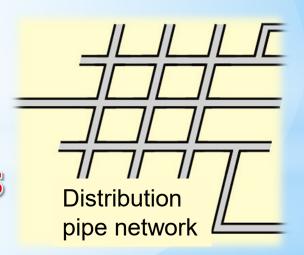
Extension: Approximately 27,000 km

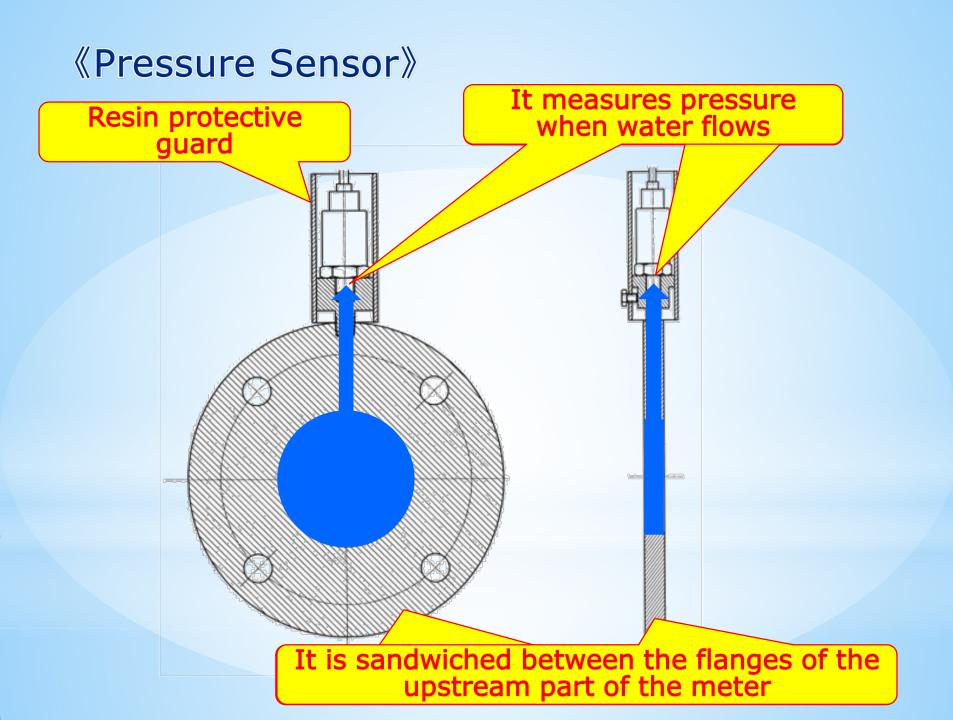
(Equivalent to approx. two thirds of the circumference of the Earth)

Water pipes are networked

↓ Even if they leak...

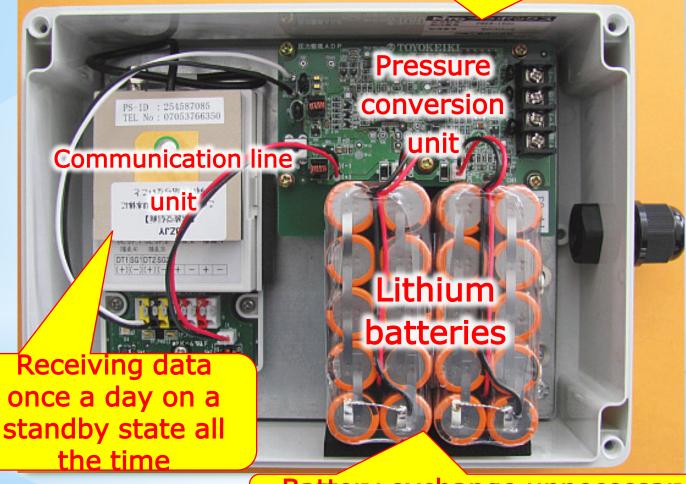
We can secure backup routes





《Data conversion transmitter》

Resin box with waterproof property



Battery exchange unnecessary for more than 10 years

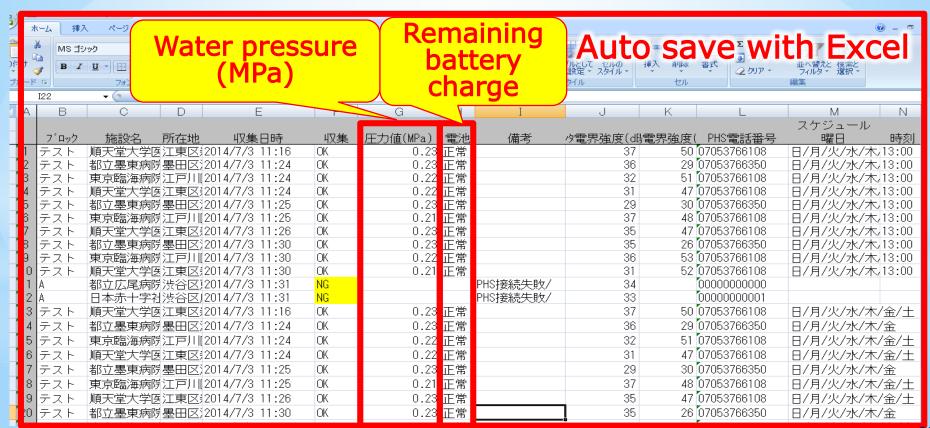
«Software functions 1/3»

Function 1: It is possible to collect water supply pressure values of required facilities collectively (Periodic collection at intervals of 1 min to 60 min also possible)



《Software functions 2/3》

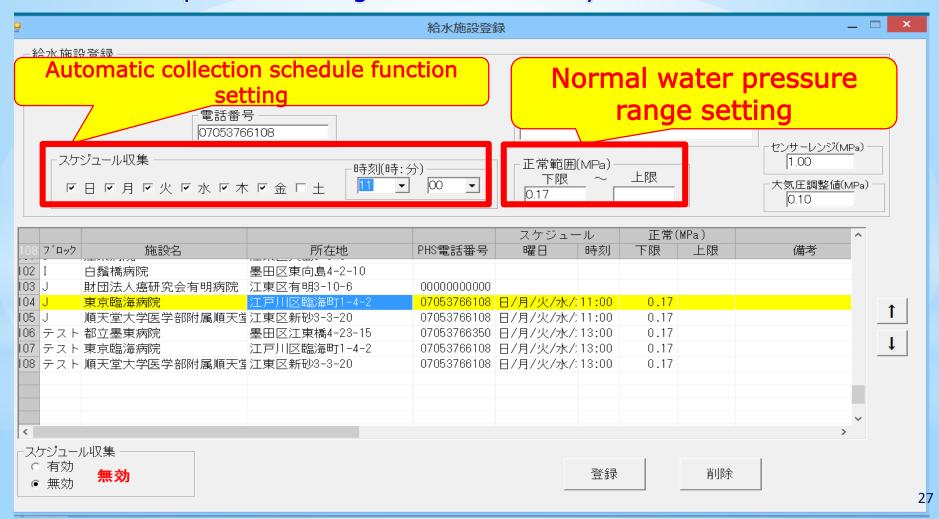
Function 2: Supply water pressure value, remaining battery level etc. can be measured at the same time and it can be automatically saved in Excel



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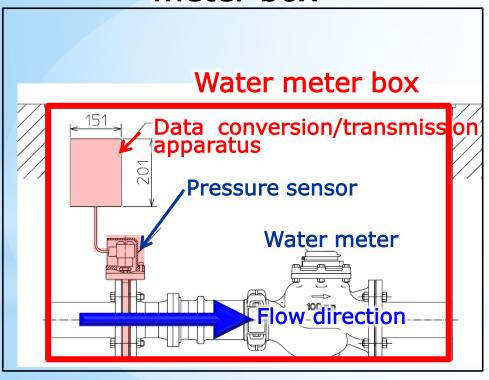
《Software functions 3/3》

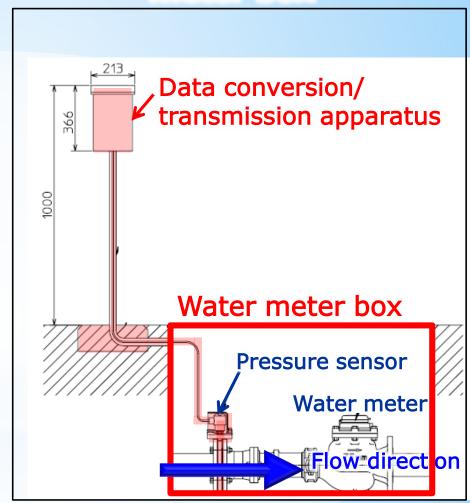
Function 3: It can set automatic collection schedule function and normal water pressure range for each facility.



Installed outside of the water meter box

Installed inside the water meter box





[Result of network proof test 1/2]

- Conduct communication confirmation for 6,549 times in total for 3 months after installation
- At first, communication failures occurred, but as a result of adding a retry function, all communication succeeded afterwards and the success rate hit 100 %

